

# Setting Targets in STAR™ to Monitor Progress

## What is the purpose of target setting in STAR?

Targets are set in STAR™ for short-term progress monitoring of a student's overall performance in reading, maths or early literacy. By setting a target and administering STAR as often as weekly, you can compare a student's scaled score to the target. STAR provides moderate and ambitious target options to help you set a reasonable, appropriate target. For step-by-step instructions, see pages 2-3.

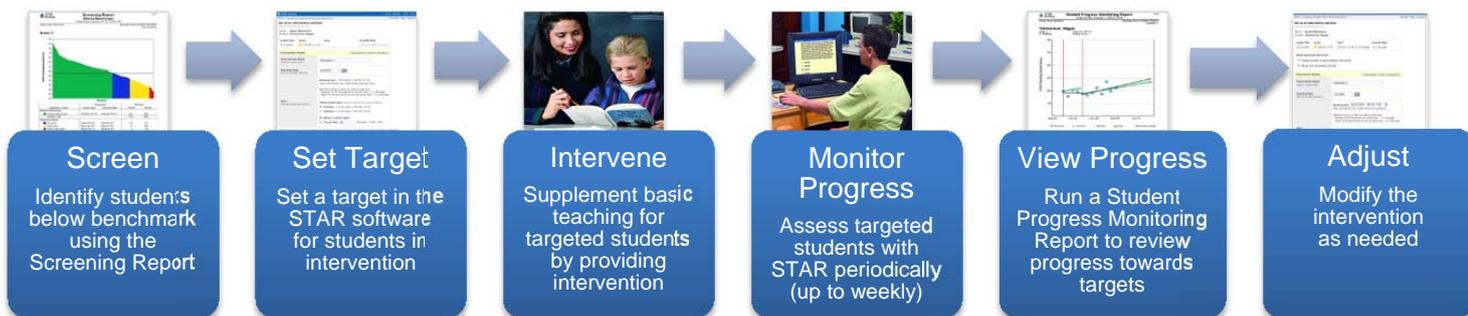
## For which students are STAR targets set?

In STAR, targets are set for students when there is a need to closely monitor student growth toward a target. Targets are most commonly set for students who have scored below benchmark and are receiving additional instruction or intervention to help them catch up. Sometimes teachers set a target in order to evaluate the effect of a new instructional approach on a student's overall reading or maths achievement. A teacher might also choose to set a target to monitor a student who is not currently in an intervention but may need to be placed in one because he or she is struggling with the core curriculum.

As you select students for whom you will set targets, think about how often you will review and respond to their data. Setting targets in STAR only makes sense if you intend to assess a student multiple times during an intervention and adjust instruction based on that data. If this is not the case, evaluate progress using other STAR reports or by referring to the document titled "Benchmarks, Cut Scores and Growth Rates," which is in the Resources section of the software.

## How do STAR targets fit within a Response to Intervention framework?

Teachers often set targets for students in intervention to determine the effectiveness of an intervention for a particular student. As shown below, target setting is one way STAR can help you implement the RTI process.



## What are the benefits of STAR target setting?

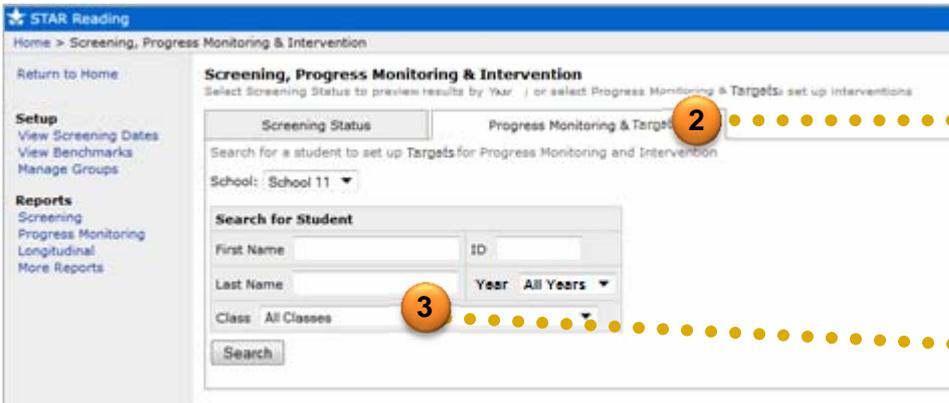
Setting targets in STAR enables you to put the power of our data behind your decisions about student performance.

- **Use growth modeling to provide a target.** Having a realistic, research-based target against which to measure progress helps you gauge the student's response to intervention.
- **Set intermediate targets.** Reaching benchmark can take time. By setting intermediate targets, you can see if a student is improving at a pace that will move him toward benchmark.
- **View student progress with a statistically calculated trend line.** The STAR software statistically calculates the slope and position of the trend line based upon student scaled scores and displays it on the report. This is preferable to guessing or "eyeballing" the direction scores are trending.

# Where are targets set in the STAR software?

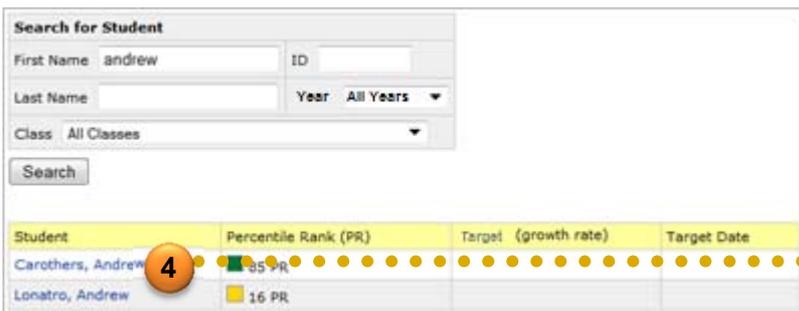


1. Click the **Screening, Progress Monitoring & Intervention** link under the STAR assessment.

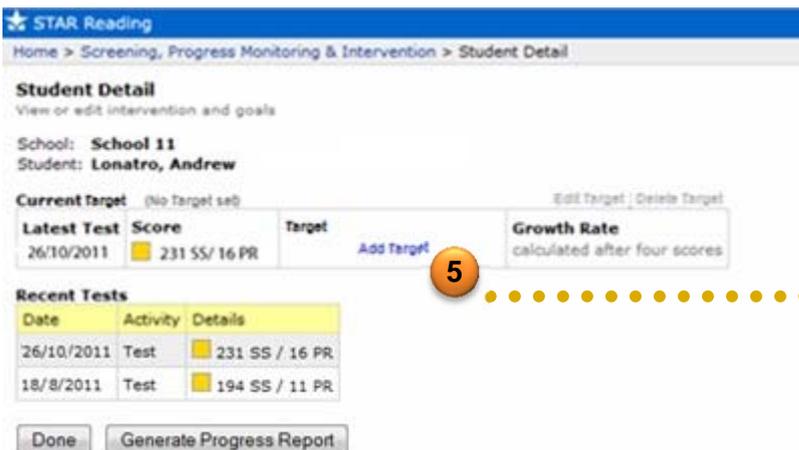


2. Select the **Progress Monitoring and Target** tab if needed.

3. **Search for the student** you want to set a goal for. Choose to search by Name, ID, Year Group or Class.



4. Click on the **name of the student** to see scores from recent tests. The score from the most recent test is shown, along with any information from previous goals set.



5. Click **Add Target** to set a target for the student. Instructions for setting a target continue on the next page.

# How do you set targets in the STAR software?

Follow the steps below to record information about the intervention and set a target.

**1. Name the intervention** as you want it to appear on reports. For example, you might enter the name of the program (such as, "Accelerated Maths™ for Intervention"), a description of the intervention ("After-school tutoring 30 minutes daily"), or the skill the student is working on ("Recall of multiplication facts").

**2. Set the target end date for the intervention period.** Choose a date indicating how long you anticipate the intervention will last. If you are unsure, set the date to coincide with the end of a semester or school year and edit the end date later if needed. Allow enough time for the intervention to work.

**3. Choose the starting test date** (if more than one eligible test is available). Select the test date closest to when the student started the intervention.

**4. Review the reference points,** which are based on the student's starting score. Note the rate of growth required of the student to maintain the current PR score and to reach the benchmark. The target you set will most likely be between these two rates.

**5. Select the target type,** which represents the rate of growth you anticipate the student can maintain during the intervention period. To see the score (PR and SS) the student would achieve by the end of the intervention period with the selected growth rate, click the Calculate Target button at the bottom of the page. To put the goal types in perspective, compare the moderate and ambitious growth rates to the rates given as reference points.

**6. Click Save** when satisfied with your choices.

**Moderate Target:** Based on national data for students with similar starting scores, expect 50% of students to maintain this rate of growth and reach this goal.

**Ambitious Target:** Expect 25% of students to maintain this rate of growth and reach this goal.

**Custom Target:** Define a custom goal if neither the moderate nor ambitious goal seems attainable. The goal may be a growth rate (in SS per week) or an ending SS or PR.

**More about target type:** When determining which target option is best for this particular student in this intervention, consider these questions:

1. What do you know about the student? What does his or her educational history indicate about motivation and desire to learn? What has been his or her learning rate prior to the intervention?
2. How intensive is the intervention you are implementing? Specifically, how much time per day will the student receive additional instruction? Is the student part of a large-group, small-group, or individual intervention?
3. What is your history with this intervention? Have you implemented this intervention before? How have other students responded to this intervention? Is this a research-based, effective intervention that will be implemented with integrity?

You may decide to edit this target later if you determine the growth rate you originally selected was not a realistic choice.